A RUSH OF CALLERS AT HEADQUARTERS.

CHEERING REPORTS FROM MANY STATES-WELL-

ENOWN REPUBLICANS IN TOWN. The members of the Republican National Committee had all they could attend to yesterday to meet the prominent Republicans who called at the headquarters them in regard to the campaign in their One of the callers was E. Rosewater, of Omaha, Neb. Mr. Rosewater is the member of the Republican National Committee from his State, and he has come to this city to see the members of the National Committee in regard to the campaign there. He did not care to say anything for publication as to the political outlook in Nebraska.

Ohio had a large representation at the National headquarters, among the callers being ex-Congressman T. E. Burton, of Cleveland, and ex-Secretary of State Daniel Ryan, who is chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican State Committee. From New-Jersey came ex-Senator Sewell, John Kean, jr., chairman of the Republican State Committee, and William Bettle, of Camden. The other callers were Frederick Miles, of Connecticut; Rowland Mahany, United States Minister to Ecuador; General George Maney, United States Minister to Paraguay and Uruguay; F. A. Nash, of Livingston County, and Congressman John C. Houck, of Tennessee. Minister ny was on his way to his home in Buffalo. Mr. Miles, who is an ex-member of Congress, said:

"The Tariff law has been of immense benefit to the people of Connecticut in many directions. The tobacco crop there this year is unusually large. It will yield fully 1,000 pounds to the acre. Under the provisions of the McKinley act, that tobacco will ne grower about \$165 more to the acre than it did before the passage of the bill. Such a gain as that cannot help having a marked effect upon the vote of the State, and investigation has shown that in other directions the tartiff has had almost as good an effect. I think that there will be an increase in the Republican vote, and when you recollect that the State went for Cleveland in 1888 by only a few hundred majority. you will see that the Republican prospects are ex-

Congressman Houck, of Tennessee, said to a reporter in regard to the campaign in his State: "The Republicans have a better chance to carry Tennessee for Governor and for the electoral ticket than at any time since the war. Buchanan, the present Gover nor of Tennessee, was nominated two years ago against a very bitter opposition in his party, but he carried the State by 40,000. He has this year declared himself an independent candidate for Governor, having been defeated by the Bourbon element in the Democratic convention. I am satisfied that he will receive at least from 25,000 to 35,000 votes as an independent candidate. If he should meet with misfortune in his canvass and only receive 15,000 votes George W. Winstead, the Republican candidate, would still be elected Governor. Without the aid of Mr. Buchanan's friends the Republican chances of carrying Tennessee would be diminished, as the Demo cratic methods of conducting elections seem to be superior to any honest majority. Stuffing of ballot boxes is the crying evil in Tennessee, as it is in Southern States. Mr. Buchanan numbers among his friends many brave ex-Confederate soldiers living in the districts where these crimes are committed, and they will not permit the evils of 1888 to be

Concerning the Congress delegation to the Lilld Congress Mr. Houck said that Taylor would be elected in the 1st District by 8,000, that he (Houck) would be returned in the 11d, by from 12,000 to 15,000 votes and that Evans would surely be elected in the Hid, while the Republicans had prospects in two other districts, making it probable that they would divide the delegation evenly with the Democrats. In his own district, Mr. Houck said the Republicans had the very best kind of an organization, that the people fearless and independent and would go to the polls and see that there was an honest ballot. One thing more," said Mr. Houck, "we do not

ask the National Committee for any financial help." The Speakers' Bureau at Republican Headquarters is making constant additions to its list of assignments making constant measured that the court of this was assigned attention. Major Butterworth, of Ohlo, who was assigned early in the week to the Green Mountain State, for three specehes, makes his second effort there to night. His final spece he, makes his second effort there to night. His final spece his week of the Green Mountain State, for three specehes, makes his second effort there to night. His final spece his week to make the total the second of the dark his control of the state of the dark his property of the state of the dark his second effort the state of the second and the building his property of the state of th The Maine and Vermont campaigns are still attracting

following ticket: Governor, Peter Couchman; Lieutenant-Governor, S. A. Ramsey; Secretary of State Lieutenant-Governor, S. A. Ramsey; Secretary of State, W. J. Norris; Treasurer, George Culver; Attorney-General, H. C. Walsh; Auditor, J. E. Serbach; Congressmen, Chauncey Wood and M. Wicher. Presidential electors were also chosen. The platform demands the submission of the prohibition question to the voters of the State, denounces the "Republican Pinkerton assassina," and strongly indorses tariff reform.

PROTECTION SENTIMENT IN THE SOUTH.

San Prancisco, Sept. 2 (Special),- Leon Godchaux, one of the largest sugar-planters of Louisiana, is here on a visit. He has lived for years in the South, and is a Republican. He said in an interview yesterday that the feeling in the South in favor of Protection was much stronger than any one at the North suspected, but that this was suppressed by Souther ditors for party purposes. He added: "Our people have read the letters, messages, platforms and articles that have been presented to the world by Cleveland on Free Trade, and whole counties in Louisiana have made up their minds to go for Harrison, and the Republicans will carry the State in November. The ne word that carries weight with us is 'Protection. If Louisiana and Mississippi do not go for Harrison in the coming campaign then I am mistaken. The solid south is broken up. We begin to realize that we are common people, and we also recognize the fact that the Republican party is the friend of the south. If Jefferson and Jackson were living to-day they would be in the Republican camp and shouting for Harrison. Protection is the only hope of the south. We begin to realize in the South that our mad frenzy to vote and work for the Democrat ticket has retarded our growth and prosperity, and I would not be surprised at the coming election to see several of the Southern States wheel into the Republican line. Wherever we have a manufacturing town, there you will find a Republican majority. I don't care what the complexion of the voter is, he will always vote for Projection, and consequently deposit a Republican ballot."

ANNUAL OUTING OF A BROOKLYN BATTERY. The annual outing of the Francis F. Williams Eighteenth Ward Republican Battery of Brooklyn, which took place on Wednesday to Glen Cove, was a great success. The members were carried to their tination by a steamer which left the foot of South Fifth-st., and the sail up the Sound was a delightful one, despite the stormy weather. The return trip was made at 6 p. in., reaching the Eastern District about 9 o'clock. A parade followed through the principal streets, which were illuminated with lanterns.

CAMPAIGN WORK IN OHIO.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 2 (Special).-An enthusiastic meeting of the Executive Committee of the Ohio Republican League was held here yesterday for the purose of receiving reports from the committeemen in the several counties and completing plans for campaign work. The reports as to the condition of the party are most flattering in all parts of the State, indicating a largely increased Republican majority for both the National and State ticket in November. Committeeman Johnson, from Gallia, in which a Democratic county official has not been elected since 1860, extended his report into West Virginia. He is just to a large number of people across the river and has a large acquaintance in two Kennucky and Tennessee. counties of that Siate. He had read reports from prominent men in the sister State and the information pointed to increased Republican majorities in almost

Dr.LESLIE E. KEELEY tas established at Babylon, L. I., and White Piains, Y. Institutes for the cure of Alconolism Marphine and Nervous Diseases. For terms address or call at away fage office, 7 East 27th-st.

Open- Fireplaces, Household Art Goods.



WM-H-JACKSON-&O UNION SQUARE(NORTH.) COT. Broadway.

every county, especially the northern and river tler

The grand opening meeting of the Ohlo campaign under the suspices of the League, at Woodsdale Island Park. on September 10, promises to be the greatest political demonstration ever held in the State. Careful exti-mates of the attendance, based on reports received from different counties, places the number that will

FRENCH REPUBLICANS ENTHUSIASTIC. THEIR NATIONAL CLUB GROWING RAPIDLY AND DOING EFFICIENT WORK.

Although organized only eight weeks ago the Frenci National Republican Club already has a membership of 363 French-speaking persons. The members are taking an unusual interest in the present campaign, and are bitterly opposed to the doctrine of Free-Trade. One of the prominent members said last night that he expected the membership to reach 800 before November 8. The members of the club were born in Prance, Belgium, Switzerland and Canada. The one great service which the club has undertaken is the ex-planation of the Naturalization laws, and this week wenty-five members were naturalized through the ef forts of the club. Seventy-four more names will be acted upon next Wednesday by the proper court.

The rooms of the club are tastefully decorated with

the flags of the different French-speaking nations. A handsome banner with the portraits of Harrison and Reid covers the entire front of the building. It is illuminated by a calcium light. The banner reads "Club National Republicain de Langue Francaise Pour President, Benjamin Harrison; Pour Vice-President, Whitelaw Reld." Wilson MacDonald, the sculptor, made the principal address of the evening on the cordial relations which have always existed be tween France and the United States. E. Bartro, president of the club, opened the meeting with an address of welcome. E. F. Aucaigne spoke in explanation of the Naturalization laws. M. Ginouves and E. Pigot, of the New-Jersey Republican League, made short addresses. The meeting was characterized by the greatest enthuslasm. A letter was read from Whitelaw Reid acknowledging an invitation to be present at the meeting, and a telegram was sent t

him in reply. Five hundred copies of "L'Amerique Francaise were distributed at the meeting. Among those present were arstrouge at the meeting. Among those present were Ernest Hersely, of the German Central Republi-can Club, and Gabriel Ancloux, of "L'Amerique Fran-caise." The officers of the club are E. Bartro, presi-dent; E. F. Ancaigne and A. Ladiemand, vice-presi-dents; H. A. Dakmatel, treasurer; J. P. Ancaigne, secretary; D. Bensa and C. Brullman, executive com-mittee.

NOMINATIONS FOR CONGRESS.

Moorehead, Minn., Sept. 2.-The VIIth District Resublican Convention has nominated Henry Felg, of Kandiyohi County, for Congress.

Denver, Sept. 2.—'The People's party Ist Congress District Convention to-day nominated the Rev. Myron W. Reed, of Denver, for Congress.

Red Cloud, Neb., Sept. 2.-W. A. McKelghan has been nominated for Congress by the People's party of the Vth District. Monmouth, Ill., Sept. 2.-The XIIth District Demo-

held at Botany Hall on Wednesday night, and G. D. Anderson installed the officers elected the previous Anderson installed the officers elected the previous week as follows: President, Adolph Hymad; vice-president, Ignailus Lucas; secretary, Cornelius Berkhoff; treasurer. Louis Goodman. The president, Timothy Galvin and G. D. Anderson made rousing specches. It was arranged to hold a mass-meeting at Botany Hall on Wednesday night, and among those who will speak are City Treasurer Henry Myers, Georgu F. Swain. Postmaster B. F. McGrew and Councilman streckings. The club is composed almost entirely of mill-workers, and has ninety-eight members.

THE CAMPAIGN IN BROOKLYN.

The sub-committee on halls and speakers of the Republican Campaign Committee of Erooklyn met last evening at No. 375 Fulton-st., and organized by electing Charence A. Barrow, chairman. Arrange-ments were discussed for a number of mass-meeting in the Academy of Music and the Palace Rink, as well as in other halls. Several speakers of National renown will be secured to address them.

The Charles M. Newlas Campaign Club met last evening at No. 709 Gates-ave., Brooklyn. evening at No. 709 Gates-ave., Brooklyn. William smith presided, and speeches were made by Charles B. Morton, Charles M. Newins and Frederick Wiele. The names of sixty new members were enrolled. It was decided to meet every Friday. The officers of the club besides the president are Frederick Wiele, vice-president; Charles A. Powell, secretary; Charles D. Wells, assistant secretary; Henry L. R. Pearshall, trensurer; A. Frank Benles, chairman of the executive and finance committee; Charles M. Newins, chairman of campaign committee; William Smith, chairman of committee on uniforms and parades.

Chicago, Sept. 2.-The Western headquarters of the National Democratic Campaign Committee will be in clarge of B. F. Cable, National Committeeman from Illinois. Mr. Cable formally took possession of the headquarters to-day. The secretary for the Western hendquarters has not yet been selected, and will probably be chosen by Mr. Cable. He will also have the task of selecting a small army of translaters, clerks and other employes for the Western branch. pmittee has decided that an Advisory Committee committee has decauted by appointed to assist Mr. Cable. Mr. Dickinson said this evening that he had referred the appointment of the Illinois Advisory Committee to Mr. Cable, who was more conversant with the political lenders and the local issues in the State.

THE BROOKLYN RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

The committee of members of the Brooklyn Union League Club to arrange for the reception to Whitelaw Reid between September 15 and 20 will be composed as follows: Charles G. Bennett, George F. Elliott, J. J. Covington, A. R. Hart, N. B. Hoxsie, jr., Chrence A. Barrow, Frank E. Beattle, Dr. S. H. Benton, John H. Burtis, Willard L. Candee, W. W. Goodrich, John H. Lyon, William C. Wallace, W. B. Mead, S. V. White, C. Leroux, James Wells, Charles A. Moore, John H. C. Leroux, James Wens, Charles A. Moore, John V. Ogflyke, Charles A. Shearon, Colonel J. B. Webber, Timothy L. Woodruff, Simon P. Vickers, Daniel Tatum and Oliver W. Ingersoll. The atrangements will be completed next week.

MR. STEVENSON SPEAKS IN KENTUCKY.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 2 .- A dispatch from Herndon Ky., to "The Conrier Journal" says that Adlai F. Stevenson spoke here today, the home of his birth, to a large number of people from all parts of Western Mr. Stevenson will remain over night at Hernden, and will take the morning train for St. Louis.

THE SCENIC ROUTE OF AMERICA.

Reading Railroad System, Lealgh Valley Division, opening of the new line, commencing Thursday, September 1. New-York to Rochester, Ruffalo, and Niagara Falls. With through Pullman Sleepers and Parlor cars. Trains leave food of Liberty-st, at 8:15 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

MORE BALLOT-BOX STUFFERS PUNISHED.

JUDGE LIPPINCOTT, WITH THE HELP OF JUDGE HOFFMAN, IN JERSEY CITY, SENDS THE TWENTY-ONE REMAINING ELECTION

The final act in the great Democratic election frands in Hudson County, N. J., in the November election of 1859 came to a close yesterday. Judge Lappingoit sentenced twenty-one more of the sixtyeven men who helped to count 8,000 fraudulent were indicted two died. One fled from the State and has not been arrested, and one is in an insan-

sentenced, there had been much pressure brought to Lay Judge Kenny, while Lay Judge Hoffman was in Europe, refused to consent to have any of the men punished by imprisonment. He insiste they should be fined. Without the agreement of a majority of the court, Judge Lippincott was powerless for Imposing the sentences, as Judge Hoffman had come Judge Kenny, and when the three Judges took their places on the bench, the court-ro so crowded that there was scarcely standing room. Even the corridors and stairway leading to the cour list of convicted men to be called, and all responded. William Reen, John Farrant, Thomas Nelson, Charles lon, Theodore Schultze, Michael Cassidy, Charles Carr William Sweetingham, Lawrence Costigan, Richard de Huybetter, John S. Daly, Patrick J. Mahoney Richard Whalen, James Connell, Thomas Burt-Rusch and Frank L. Herrick.

Judge Lippincott said: "The defendants are now in custody, and the officers will take charge of them. If they are not entenced to-day they will remain in custody."

The three judges immediately retired and conferred for an hour and a half. After the court returned to the bench Judge Lippincott announced that sentences would be pronounced at once. He then said:

the cases having come before him at so late a date be inclined to think that milder sentences than those about to be pronounced should be imposed. Presiding Judge is bound to say that his sentiments in this respect are just and honorable and do his

Judge Lippincott paid Judge Hoffman a compli ment for the firm stand he had always taken in the dection cases and then sentences were imposed Nathaniel Fowler and James II. Jordan were sentence to six months' imprisonment in the pentientlary and costs of prosecution; William Reen was sent to the on for fifteen months and rosts; John Farrout. Thomas Nelson and George Heller received the same punishment, and Charles Scott was sentenced to the penitentiary for nine months and costs. Michael Cassidy each were sentenced to fifteen months in th ard de Huybetter and Lawrence Costigna also were sent to the State prison for fifteen months; John Daly and Patrick J. Mahoney received for their punish ment nine months in the penitentiary; Richard Whalen. James Connell, Thomas Burt Busch and Frank L. Herrick were also each sentenced to a term of nine

Norman L. Rowe, lawyer for Theodore Schultze, as soon as the last sentence was pronounced, filed a write of error on behalf of his client, but was unable to furnish bonds and Schultze was sent to the County Jail with the others. Senator R. S. Hudspeth, leading counsel for the ballot-box stuffers, asked Judge Lippincott to order placed upon the minutes of the court a record that the sentences were imposed by a majority vote of the judges. This Judge Lippincott declined to do, saying: "I understand the sentences to be the unanimous wishes of the different members of the court; that their views are merged into them."

"The unanimous sentences!" repeated Senator Hudspeth. of error on behalf of his client, but was unable to

Waco, Tex., Sept. 2.—The Congress convention in the VIIth District has broken its deadlock on the 1,516th ballot. The nominee is Lieutenant-Governor George C. Pendleton, of Bell County.

THE CAMPAIGN OPENED IN CARLSTADT. The campaign was opened in Carlstadt-Thursday night by banner-raising at the headquarters of the Carlstadt Ro publican Ciub, Erdie's Hotel, in the presence of 500 people. The club, accompanied by the Caristadt Pioneer Guards and the Rutherford brass bond and a drum and tife corps. and the Rutherford brass hand and a drum and the corps, marched from Caristadt, through Rolling Springs, to Rutherford, and after parading through the latter place, escorted the Rutherford and Rolling Springs Republican clubs to Caristadt. A handsome banner was raised amid great cheering. The vice-president, John Ochler, of the Caristadt club, Introduced Major Cari Lenz, of Newark, who made a powerful speech in German. He dwelt largely on State politics. Charles Burrows, of Rutherford, spoke in English, and he held up a piece of American tin as an example of home industry, fostered by Protection. Charles L. Parigot, vice-president of the Bergen County Repub-lican League, in a brief and witty speech, called attention to the chance Republicans have of carrying New-Jersey now that many of the ballot-box stuffers were in prison.

Fully 900 men attended the weekly mass-meeting of the Harlem Republican Campaign Club, held Thursday night at its headquarters. Nos. 158-160 West One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. These meetings have been growing in interest ever since they were started, early in the campaign, and the attendance, which has been large from the beginning, has rapidly increased, until now it taxes the camelty of the hall. A noticeable and highly encouraging feature of these meetings has been the large number of young men attending. The club was started by young men, it has been officered by young men, and it is constantly having young blood infused into it. As a consequence of this youthful exuberance the club is bounding along in its this youthful exuberance the city is bounding along in the good work of making Republican voters at a tremendous pace. The meeting Thursday night was one of the most successful and effective in the campaign. Julius M. Mayer presided, while Isaac W. Cele was its secretary. Ex. Judge Thomas T. Mackey made the address of the evening, and gave a masterful exposition of the principles of protection and the fallactes of free trade. A short speech as also made by H. A. Matthews, the Irish orator.

TO MEET TWICE A WEEK HEREAFTER The Republican County Campaign Committee met Thurs day afternoon in its new headquarters in the Fifti day attenued in the members were present except. Channesy M. Depew and General Samuel Thomas. The committee transacted routine business only. It was announced that the committee hereafter would meet on Tues-

The monthly meeting of the Union Republican Club of Harlem was held Thursday night at its headquarters, No. Edward Dubois as secretary. Thirty-five new mem cted, and wholesome American sentiments wer made short addresses. Among those present were Fran Raymond, David Friedsam, Slegmund Kahn, Peter H McDonald, Maurice Sullivan, Stephen Kent, Emil Labis hiner, Leo Labishiner, George Liebig, John Strachan William H. Merritt, Thomas Robertson, A. Steuber, Wil lam T. Ashman, Thomas McGrann, Peter Steib, John W. Love, John H. McCrystie, Charles Crawford and John A.

THE MASSACHUSETTS SENATORSHIP.

Roston, Sept. 2 (Special).-The interest in the Sentorial contest overshadows that of the Governorship question, and it is generally conceded that the Re-publicans will nominate Lieutenaut-Governor Halle, who has made a favorable impression everywhere since he assumed the second place on the ticket two years ago and was elected when the head of the

THE LAST LOT SENTENCED. ticket was defeated in both contests. Congressman Lodge's only Republican opponent for the Senatorship will be Speaker Earrett, and unless the latter is reelected speaker this year his chances to secure the Senatorship are small. Hence an effort will be made to elect somebody else to preside over the House of Representatives. An attempt was made to get ex-Governor Erackett to run for the Legislature, with the intention of returning him to the chair, in which he did excellent service prior to his transfer to the Executive Chamber. The man now talked of for the Mr. Bennett can hardly be said to be in sympathy with Mr. befinett can hardly be said to be in sympathy with his party on the tariff question it is difficult to see how the Republicans can unite on him, and Mr. Bethnett's course-ous warfare against the endownerst orders would also militate against him among certain members of the House.

ENTHUSIASM IN THE SEVENTH WARD.

The Labor League of the Seventh Ward in the old IVth Assembly District, organized last evening. It met in Pacific Hall, at No. 200 East Broadway. Several hunred laborers, principally 'longsheremen, and many Jev Clarke was chosen president, James Smith secretary Michael O'Leary treasurer, and David Levy recording secretary. The speakers of the evening were William B. Clarke, Roger Burke, president of the 'Longshoremen's Association; Patrick McCabe and John F. Sneider. Their keen interest and readiness to catch the points in the speakers' arguments showed that these wage-earn-ers understood the importance of the Republican policy to their well-being. They cheered, repeatedly and loudly, allusions to President Harrison and Whitelaw Reid, and received remarks on protection and reciprocity with great applause, resolutions they adopted embodied clauses supporting protective tariff as essential to the best interests. workingmen of America; indorsing reciprocity and further-ing commercial intercourse; asking for a universal eight-hour less and overless the control of the control of the hour law, and opposing the admission of paupers and semi-paupers from Europe to compete with American working-men. Before adjournment it was decided to hold a massmeeting at Rutgers Square at an early date.

THE CHANGES IN THE CIRCULATION.

A NET DECREASE FOR LAST MONTH OF TWO AND HALF MILLION.

Washington, Sept. 2 (Special).-The Treasury D partment monthly circulation statement issued to-day shows a net decrease in the circulation during August amounting to \$2,692,741. There was a decrease of 83,474,450 in gold certificates, \$4,510,000 in currency certificates and \$562,817 in National bank notes, while on the other hand there was an rease of \$5,696,142 in United States notes, \$2,357,785 in silver Treasury notes, \$952,322 in silve certificates, \$707,051 in gold coin, \$591,024 in standard silver dollars and \$550,202 in subsidiary silver The total circulation on September 1 is placed at \$1,599,256,584, or a per capita circulation of \$24.32 against \$1,506,131,133 on september 1, 1891. The changes in detail of the various kinds of money in circulation during last month, together with the ounts in circulation on August 1 and September I are shown by the following table:

In directation Aug. 1, 1892, 3410, 447, 360 67, 031, 862 63, 346, 937 136, 801, 829 327, 336, 823 101, 756, 301 811, 852, 278, 26, 720, 000 166, 595, 935 Gold coin Standard silver dollars Subsidiary silver dollars Gold certificates Silver certificates Silver Treasury notes United States notes 166,033,118 £1,601,949,825 £1,599,250,581

During last month the s was a net decrease of \$5,922,809 in money and bullion in the Treasury \$5,922,809 in money and buillon in the Treasury. The gold coin in the Treasury September 1 agolegated \$106,583,580, a decrease of \$4,099,942 during Angust, the store of standard sliver dollars amounted to \$357,343,849, a decrease of \$41,024 during last month; subsidiary sliver, \$13,575,773, a decrease of \$577,290; United States notes, \$29,132,596, a decrease of \$57,090,142; and gold buillon, \$75,990,115, a decrease of \$600,483. On the other hand the sliver Treasury notes in the Treasury september 1 amounted to \$5,298,551, an increase during August of \$1,455,632; National bank notes in the Treasury aggregated \$6,283,311, an increase during the month of \$991,533; and the sliver hullion aggregated \$63,483,551, an increase of \$3,003,957.

Washington, Sept. 2.-The civil service law and rules have been extended so as to include the Lowell

Mass., postoffice in the classified list, making the whole number of classified postoffices fifty-three. An examination will be held at Lowell on September 13 to provide a register of eligibles.

IT PROBABLY WORKS SMOOTHLY.

Washington, Sept. 2.-There were no telegrams received at the Treasury Department during the day bearing on the execution of the President's retallatory proclamation in regard to the Soo canal tolls. This fact leads Assistant Secretary Spaulding to believe that the order is working without friction.

Washington, Sept. 2.- Rear Admiral D. B. Harmony reports to the Navy Department under date of Nagasaki, Japan, August 2, the location of the ships of the Asiatic station, as follows:

The Lancaster (flagship) was at Nagasaki, Japan. The Marion was at Nagasaki, she was to have sailed The Marion was at Nagasaki, she was to have satted on that day to Kobe, Yokohama, Hakodate and Vladivostok. The Monoracy arrived at Shanghal on July 20. The Alert was at Nagasaki, the Petrel at Hankow, and the Alliance arrived at Shanghal on July 29. She left Shanghal for Yokohama on the 1st of August, and from the latter port was to have proceeded to San Francisco in obedience to the Department's orders. The Fulos was at Nagasaki, Japan, at the time of the report, awaiting orders as to her disposition.

MR. CROUNSE RESIGNS TO GO TO NEBRASKA. Washington, Sept. 2.-Assistant Secretary Crounse, of the Treasury Department, said this afternoon that he expected to relinquish charge of his office sometime next week, when he will go to Nebraska to enter the campaign for the Governorship. His resignation was sent to Secretary Foster yesterday, and by him transmitted to the President.

A DESPERADO HANGED IN VIRGINIA.

Richmond, Va., September 2,-"Talt" Hall, the Kentucky desperado, was hanged at Wise Conrt-House, Va., soon after noon to-day. For weeks grave apprehensions have been felt that an attempt at rescue by his friends would be made, and the jull has been guarded by fifty or more men for some time. No such attempt was made.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

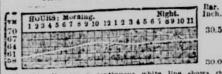
SHOWERS OUT BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Fair weather continues through-out the contral valleys and the Atlantic Coast States. The cloudiness is increasing in the district between the Missouri River and the Rocky Mountains, and showers have fallen in the last twenty-four hours in the Sas katchewon Vulley, Manitoba, Montana, North Dakot and Colorado, and also in Central Texas, and on the South Atlantic and east toul coasts. The high pressure area has moved eastward since last evening from the Central walleys and Lake regions to the New-England and Middle Atlantic States. The storm that was over the Dakotasis this evening a trough of low pressure that extends from Minnesota southwestward to Colorado. The temperature has rather sightly in the New-England, Middle and South Atlantic States and decidedly so over the northwestern States. A general rise is noted throughout the central valleys. Foir weather will continue in the Onio valley the New-England, Middle and South Atlantic States, but increasing cloudiness, showers and cold weather will probably result in the Central, upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys. and Colorado, and also in Central Texas, and on the South

FORECAST IN DETAIL FOR TO-DAY. For New-England, Eastern New-York, New-Jersey, East-un Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, fair, rarmer; casterly winds. the Carolinas, fair, except showers in the extrem-

For Georgia and Alabama, occasional showers. For Eastern Florida, showers; Western Florida, fair, For Miscissippi, Louisiana and Taxas occasional shower For Meetern New York, Western Peunsylvania, W. V.rginia, Ohio and Indiana, fair; warmer.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram a continuous white line shows the langes in presence, as indicated by The Tribune's self-cording barometer. The broken line represents the temrature as observed at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, Septemb'r 3, 1 a.m.—The clear, bracing weather continued yesterday. These were light cortherly breetes. Humbity registered obly 58 in the mining, and 44 at evening. The temperature ranged between 55 and 70 degrees, the average (63%) being 7% lower than the corresponding day last year, and 7% lower than or Thursday. But the reading at midnight (65) was 7 degrees higher than it was 24 hours before.

In and near this city 12-day Cierc will probably be fair, warmer weather.

THERE are 40,000 families in and I near New York who buy the

LADIES' HOME JOURNAL. More than 700,000 copies sold throughout the country monthly in cities and the larger towns.



RAILROAD INTERESTS.

DOES THIS FORESHADOW A WAR? DIFFICULTIES BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA AND READING AND THE PENNSYLVANIA.

The news was received in Wall Street yesterday that the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad had issued a freight-tariff circular withdrawing all joint rates on coal with the Pennsylvania Railroad, the circular to take effect on September 12. It currently reported that this fact foreshadowed a contest on rates between the two componies. When the lease of the New Jersey Central and the Lehigh Valley roads the Pennsylvania placed itself on record as op posed to the "deal." Its officers announced that its coal tolls would be unchanged, but shortly afterward the Pennsylvania's rates were adjusted to harmonize with the advance made by the other coal-carriers At last week's meeting of the freight agents of the coal roads another advance in coal tolls was ordered A representative of the Pennsylvania was presen and was understood to assent to the advance. sequently, however, the Pennsylvania declared that it had not agreed to the new schedule. Dispatches from Philadelphia yesterday said that

the Reading had decided to force the lighting and would refuse to pro-rate as heretofore with the Pennsylvanta on coul traffic that was interchanged. It was declared that the new circular meant a bitter controversy between the two roads, and fears were expressed that a war on soft coal might follow. of the new Reading circular could not be obtained here. J. Rogers Maxwell, president of the New-Jersey Central, said that he had not seen the circular He did not think that it meant any warfare. looked upon the circular as being intended to call in old rates preparatory to the issuance of a new tariff.

looked upon the circular as being intended to call in old rates preparatory to the issuance of a new tariff.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—In giving some of the reasons for the issue of the circular by the Reading company, General Traffic Manager Taylor said this afternoon: "The circular we have Issued we were forced to issue by the refusal of the Fennsylvania Raifrond to join in the tariff which had been agreed to on August 24 by every other road carrying anthractic coal. The roads that have agreed to the rate and issued the circular are the New-York Central, New-York, Lake Eric and Western, the West Shore, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western; the New-York, Ontario and Western; the Delaware and Hudson and the Reading."

Another official of the Reading in explanation of the company's action, said to night: "If we had agreed to continue the existing fariff rate with the Pennsylvania, we would have been delivering coal cheaper in Philadelphia over their lines than our own. In addition it would have been delivering coal other roads that entered him the agreement, as the Pennsylvania would have had a cheaper rate than they will have. It is absurd for the Pennsylvania to give as a reason for their refusal to enter the agreement their wish not to advance the rate on coal. When they were delivering coal at tidewater for \$1.40 a ton, they were charging a rate of \$1.70 to Philadelphia. The effect of the circular will not be as great as the public anticipates. The Fennsylvania instead of shipping part of their coal tonnage over our lines, will send it over their own, and their freight traffic will thus be about equalized, and as great as before the circular was issued.

A copy of the circular could not be obtained to night, but it was learned that it informs the Pennsylvania that the Reading will no longer provate with them at Junction points on anthracite coal. The circular has been mailed to Vice-President Thomson, of the Pennsylvania Raifroad, and he will receive it in his morning's mail. Mr. Thomson to-night declined to s

CHECKMATING ROCK ISLAND. THE MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS STOCK

HOLDERS AND THE PORTER SUIT. hearing in the foreclosure proceedings had been set threat. that the argument for a date. The trial has been adjourned to October 10, date. The trial has been adjourned to October 10, although there has been little publicity given to the although there has been little publicity given to the proposition. This result of the case is set down by proposition. This result of the case is set down by the officials of the Atchison as a victory for them, as theirs was the company that vigorously opposed the southern Pacific's proposition. declared by the stockholders to have been inspired by the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific. Mr. Porter THEY MAY MEET CANADIAN PACIFIC RATES. began his suit on August 11, declaring that he owned 22,000,000 improvement and equipment bonds, and sking for a simple judgment on the amount, with the Southern Pacific's proposition to reduce rates from interest. The atockholders say that these bonds have always been supposed to be in the treasury of the Rock Island Company, and they looked upon Mr. Porter's suit as a practical abandonment of the foreclosure suit in which the adjournment had been ob-

On hearing of Mr. Forter's sult, the stockholders' committee addressed a note to the president and re-ceiver of the Minneapolis and St. Louis Company, insisting that a proper defence be put in to the suit, and that judgment should not be allowed to go by default. Several additional requests on the part of default. Several additional requests on the part of large stockholders were also cerved at the same time. It was stated that if proper defences were not made in order to prevent a default in a suit brought for the recovery of a claim the validity of which is in dispute, the stockholders' committee and some of the larger stockholders would fill intervening petitions and become parties to the suit. Yesterday, it is said, Mr. Forter discontinued his suit. The stockholders assert that the suit of Mr. Porter was instigated by the Rock Island Company, and reveals the hostic attitude of the company toward the reorganization of the Minheapolis and St. Louis on a basis that will recognize the rights of the stockholders.

MORTGAGING THE ROAD FOR \$5,000,000.

Louisville, Sept. 2.—A mortgage on the Louisville, st. Louis and Texas Raliroad for \$5,600,000, in favor of the Central Trust Company, of New-York, was registered in the County Court office Wednesday. The ney will be used in funding the old bonds and for

CHANGE IN NEW-YORK CENTRAL TRAINS. It is proposed to withdraw several New-York Central resort special trains, and herewith is a list of the trains, and the date of final trips. The Saratoga limited, north-bound, will make its last trip for the enson to-day, leaving the Grand Central Station at 1:30 p. m., arriving at Saratoga at 6:10 p. m. The orresponding train, south-bound, will not run on Monday, September 5, but will return from Suratog on Tuesday, September 6, instead, which will be the final trip of the season. The Berkshire special, leaving Grand Central Station on Fridays and Satur days at 2:30 p. m. for Pittifeld, North Adams and other points in the Berkshire Hills, and the Lake Mabopae special, leaving duly at 1:30 p m., will make the last trips of the season to-day. The special service, south-bound, from littsfield, leaving there at 6:40 a. m. Mondays, arriving at the Grand Unitarity station at 10:32 a. m. will not run next Monday, but will retarm from litts-field Tuesday, september 6, in order to accommodate the out-of-town travel on Labor Day.

Chicago, Sept. 2 (Special).-Chairman Caldwell sent out the call to-day for the September meeting of the Western Fassenger Association, on Tuesday. Among subtects demanding attention he notes a propositio business, so as to discontinue the custom of submitting for vote all applications for reduced rates, on the ground that ample protection is afforded by the joint agency requirement; and as to whether the chairman hall act as joint agent for meetings held in Chicago shall act as joint agent for meetings held in Chicago.
Association telegraph expenses, which are said to be reaching large amounts, will also be considered. The matter of one-fare round-trip rates with such privileges as going by one route and returning by another, to the International Medical Congress at the City of Mexico on November 30, is to be discussed. W. R.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PI PURELY VEGETABLE AND STRICTLY

RELIABLE.

They are the ONLY RELIABLE VEGETABLE LIVER PILL SOLD, They are PERFECTLY HARMLESS, They are PURELY VEGETABLE: TRY THEM. DR. SCHENCK S Book on Consumption, Liver Co-plaint and Dyspepsia, seat Free. DR, J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

REDUCED. Mrs. Alice Muple, of Oregon, Mo., says: "My weight was 220 lbs., now it is its ibs., a reduction of 152 lbs., and feel so much better that I would not take \$1,000 and be put oack where I was. I am both surprised and proud of the change. I recommend your treatment to all sufferers from obesity. Will answer all inquiries if stamp is inclosed for raily if

PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL. CONFIDENTIAL. Harmless and with no starving, inconvenience, or before

explosive. Also our magnitudes and water bugs. Sold everywhere. SALLADE & CO., Mfrs. New-York. GILLIES | Hot Rousted Mocha and Java, 30 & 32c. Brazilian Java, 20c h; teas, 20c & 20c h, COFFEES at Gilles, 233 to 239 Washington-st., N. Y.

Busenbark, J. B. McCullough and E. S. Craine are expected to present an elaborate report upon excur-don business. Rates for the dedicatory exercises of the World's Fair on October 20-23, will call for con-

INCREASING THE CAPITAL STOCK LARGELY.

The stockholders of the Metropolitan Traction Commny of New-York met yesterday in the office of liangs, stetson, Tracy & MacVeugh, No. 15 Broad-st., and approved the action of the directors in enlarging the capital stock from the nominal figure of \$10,000 to \$30,000,000, divided into shares of the par value of \$100 each. The New York corporation was organized to take over the company bearing the same same now operating under a New-Jersey charter. was said at the meeting timt it was proposed to effect the interchange of stocks on the basis of an issue of 11-5 shares of the stock of the New-York company for every share of the New-Jersey company. This would use up \$24,000,000 of the apital stock of the New-York corporation, leaving the remainder as a fund from which could be drawn supplies for conquering new worlds of surface or elevated

The officers of the Metropolitan Traction Company of New-York are: Fresident, David B. Hasbrouck; vice presidents, Albert W. Fletcher and Francis S. Fangs; secretary, Charles E. Warren, and transurer, Francis Lynde Stetson.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC'S THREAT.

Chicago, Sept. 2 .- When the Southern Fucific Railway appealed to the commissioners of the Western Association for authority to es-The committee of the stockholders of the Minneapolis of 50 cents per 100 pounds on canned goods, wines and St. Louis Railway has just scored its first victory and other commodities from San Francisco to New-in its contest with the present management. The York and certain intermediate points, is also made a hearing in the foreclosure proceedings had believed down for August 22, and it was generally believed down for August 22, and it was generally believed proceedings had been been company would give the ninety days notice required by the agreement and put the proceedings had been been company would give the ninety days notice required by the agreement and put the proceedings had been been company would give the ninety days not the company would give the that the argument for a decree would be made on that date. The trial has been adjourned to October 10. posed rate into effect at the end of that time. Chair-

> Chicago, Sept. 2.-The Commissioners of the Western the Southern Pacific's proposition to reduce rates from New York to San Francisco, in view of a notice given by the Canadian Facilic that on September 10 certain maximum rates would be put into effect by that company, from Mentreal, Boston and New-York. After this case had been heard and taken under advisement by the commissioners, the Transcontinental Association, at its New York meeting, took up the question and adopted a resolution instructing the chairman to and adopted authorize members to meet such rates as the Canadian Pacific might put into effect. The commissioners de-cide that this fully disposes of the subject and leaves no disagreement for them to pass upon.

SHUTTING OUT UNION PACIFIC FREIGHT. Chicago, Sept. 2 .- A circular has been issued by the

traffic department of the Northern Pacific road which is calculated to cause war between it and the Union Paettle. It has been the practice of the Union Pacific soliciting business from the East to Tacoma. transportation over its own line to Portland and thence over the lines of the Northern Pacific on the same terms and conditions as if the business were forwarded from the East direct via St. Paul and the Northern Pacific road. Objection was made by the Northern Pacific to receiving this business at Portland. The Union Pacific sought to maintain its place through the intervention of the United States Court for the District of Oregon, but the opinion of Judge Field was in favor of the Northern Pacific. The latter company therefore gives notice to shippers and agents that thereafter it will refuse to accept from the Union Pacific or Oregon Short Line all shipments of freight originating at points east of the 97th mendian unless loaded in Northern Pacific cars, and unless all charges, including the local rates of the Northern Facilic from Fortland, are prepaid.

ASKS FOR A RECEIVER AND AN INJUNCTION.

Local Branch No. 417 of the Iron Hall Order made application in the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, before Judge Patterson, for the appointment of a receiver for \$2,000 now in its possession, ment of a receiver for \$2,000 now in its possession, and for an order restraining G. E. Glynes, a receiver appointed by Judge O'Brien for the supreme Sitting, from Hall, an Indiana corporation, from interfering with the fund. The suft which it is fighting was brought by Gustav Linquist against the local trustees of the order, and it is asserted that the Supreme Sitting has no legal existence in this State. Judge Datterson legal the restraining scheme and of the content of the conte Patterson issued the restraining order asked for, and made Mr. Glynes, the receiver appointed by Judge O'Brien, a party to the Linquist suit.

TALKING TO FARMERS AT WILLIAMS GROVE.

Williams Grove, Penn., Sept. 2 (Special) .- About 10,000 people were at the Grangers' interstate Pio-nic to-day. The first speaker in the morning was James Calder, of Harrisburg, who spoke to a large audience on "Green Culture and Fruit Culture." E. M. Tewksbury, of Columbia County, spoke on "Country and Town." At 1 o'clock there was a procession of all the live stock on exhibition. State Senator Gerard C. Brown, of York, spoke in the afternoon on general political subjects, and J. P. S. Gobin, presi-dent pro tem, of the State Senate, addressed the farm-ers. The exhibition has been successful throughout

City of The New-York Central's Limited Trains present all W. R. the conveniences of the best appointed hotel.